# Bachelor of Library and Information Science (BLISc)

### FIRST SEMESTER

| Paper | Paper Code | Paper Title                                       | Internal<br>Marks | Exam<br>Marks | Total |
|-------|------------|---|-------------------|---------------|-------|
| I     | BLS - 101  | Foundations of Library and Information<br>Science | 20                | 80            | 100   |
| П     | BLS - 102  | Library Classification (Theory)                   | 20                | 80            | 100   |
| Ш     | BLS - 103  | Library Cataloguing (Theory)                      | 20                | 80            | 100   |
| IV    | BLS - 104  | Library Classification (Practical)                | 20                | 80            | 100   |
| V     | BLS - 105  | Library Cataloguing (Practical)                   | 20                | 80            | 100   |
|       |            | Total   | 100               | 400           | 500   |

### SECOND SEMESTER

| Paper | Paper Code | Paper Title  | Internal<br>Marks | Exam<br>Marks | Total |
|-------|------------|--|-------------------|---------------|-------|
| VI    | BLS - 201  | Management of Libraries and<br>Information Centers | 20                | 80            | 100   |
| VII   | BLS - 202  | Information Sources and Services                   | 20                | 80            | 100   |
| VIII  | BLS - 203  | Information Processing and Retrieval               | 20                | 80            | 100   |
| IX    | BLS - 204  | Library and Information Technology<br>(Theory)     | 20                | 80            | 100   |
| X     | BLS - 205  | Library and Information Technology<br>(Practical)  | 20                | 80            | 100   |
|       |            | Total  | 100               | 400           | 500   |

### FOUNDATIONS OF LIBRARY & INFORMATION SCIENCE

Max. Marks: 100

Internal assessment: 20 Marks (2 Tests -10 Marks each)

Theory: 80 Marks Time: 3 Hours

Note: The paper will be divided into Three Sections A, B and C.

Section A will consist of *Five* Short Answer Type questions not exceeding 75 words. The examinee will attempt all questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

Section B will consist of *Three* questions not exceeding 200 words. The examinee will attempt *Two* questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

Section C will consist of *Five* questions in detail. The examinee will attempt *Three* questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

Methodology: Lectures, self study, case studies, assignments, experimental learning exercises.

### Unit - I: Essentials of Library and Information Science

- · Librarianship as a Profession
- User Education
- Extension Service
- Library Building

#### Unit - II: Conceptual framework and history of libraries

- Social foundation of Libraries
- History of Libraries
- Development of libraries in India, U.S.A. and Britain
- · Five Laws of Library Science
- Types of Libraries

### Unit - III: Laws relating to libraries and information centers and Associations

- Library Legislation Need and essential Features
- · Library Acts in India
- Intellectual Property Right
- Role and contribution of National Organizations such as UGC, ILA, IASLIC
- Role and contribution of International Organizations such as LA, ALA, IFLA, FID, UNESCO, ASLIB in the growth and development of Libraries.

- 1. Jafferson, G: Library Cooperation. London: Andre Deutsch, 1977
- 2. Kent, Allan: Resource sharing in libraries. New York: Dekker, 1974.
- 3. Khanna, JK: Library and Society. Kurukshetra: Research Publications, 1987.
- 4. Pandey, SK Sharma: Libraries and Society. New Delhi: Ess Ess, 1992.
- Ranganathan, SR: The Five Laws of Library Science. Bangalore: Sarda Ranganathan Endowment for Library Science, 1988.

### Library Classification (Theory)

Max. Marks: 100

Internal assessment: 20 Marks (2 Tests -10 Marks each)

Theory: 80 Marks

Note: The paper will be divided into Three Sections A, B and C.

Section A will consist of *Five* Short Answer Type questions not exceeding 75 words. The examinee will attempt all questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

Section B will consist of *Three* questions not exceeding 200 words. The examinee will attempt *Two* questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

Section C will consist of *Five* questions in detail. The examinee will attempt *Three* questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

Methodology: Lectures, self study, case studies, assignments, experimental learning exercises

### UNIT - I: Library Classification

- · Definition, Need, Purpose
- · Terminology of Classification
- General Theory of Classification
- Species of Classification
- Major Schemes of Classification: DDC, CC, UDC.: An Overview

### UNIT - II: Normative Principles of Classification

- Work of classification in three Planes: Canons and their applications in Standard Schemes
- Mnemonics: Definition, types, Canons and their applications in Standard Schemes
- Hospitality in Notational System: Canons and Devices

### UNIT - III: Facet Sequence

- Concept and Principles
- Postulational Steps in practical Classification
- Book Number and Collection Number
- Library Classification: Trends

- 1. Ranganathan, S. R. (1962). Elements of library classification. Bombay: Asia Publishing
- 2. Mills, J. (1960). Modern outline of library classification. London: Chapman and Hall
- 3. Bavakutty, M. (1981). Canons of library classification. Trivandrum: Kerala library Association
- Ranganathan, S. R. & Gopinath, M. A. (1989). Prolegomena to Library Classification v.1 Bangalore: Sarada Ranganathan Endowment for Library Science
- Sayers, W.C. Berwick (1955). Introduction to Library Classification: Theoretical, Historical and Practical with. London: Grafton and Company
- 6. Dutta, D.N. (1978). Library Classification: a manual. Calcutta: The World Press
- 7. Husain, Shabahat (2004). Library Classification: Facets and Analyses. Delhi: B.R. Publishing Corporation.
- 8. Krishan Kumar (1979). Theory of Classification. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing

#### Library Cataloguing (Theory)

Max. Marks: 100

Internal assessment: 20 Marks (2 Tests –10 Marks each)

Theory: 80 Marks Time: 3 Hours

Note: The paper will be divided into Three Sections A, B and C.

Section A will consist of *Five* Short Answer Type questions not exceeding 75 words. The examinee will attempt all questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

Section B will consist of *Three* questions not exceeding 200 words. The examinee will attempt *Two* questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

**Section C** will consist of *Five* questions in detail. The examinee will attempt *Three* questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

Methodology: Lectures, self study, case studies, assignments, experimental learning exercises

#### UNIT - I: Library Catalogue

- Definition, Need, Objective & Functions
- Normative Principles of Cataloguing
- · Cataloguing and Classification: Symbiotic relationship.
- Physical Forms of Library Catalogue
- Types and Functions of Cataloguing: Dictionary, Classified
- Library Catalogue Codes CCC and AACR-II: Historical Development

#### UNIT - II: Subject Cataloguing

- Concept, Principles. Chain Procedure, Lists of Subject Headings
- Centralized and Cooperative Cataloguing: Need, CIS and CIP, Prenatal Cataloguing
- Union Catalogue: Need, Rules for Compilation.
- NUCSSI, DELNET, IndCAT, WORLDCAT

#### UNIT - III: Indic Names

- Problems and Rendering
- Cataloguing Rules according to A.A.C.R.II and CCC for Joint authors, Corporate Authors and Pseudonyms.
- Cataloguing of Non-book Materials: Microfilms, Gramophone Records, Maps, Computer files

- Girja Kumar & Krishan Kumar (1975). Theory of cataloguing. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- 2. Sharma, Pandey S. K. (1986). Cataloguing Theory. New Delhi; Ess Ess Publication.
- 3. Viswanathan, C. G. (1983). Cataloguing: Theory and Practice. Lucknow: Print House.
- 4. Shera, Jesse H. & Egam, Margret E. (1956). Classified Catalog: basic principles and practices. Chicago: American Library Association.
- 5. Sengupta, B (1974). Cataloguing: Its theory & practice. Calcutta: World Press.
- Krishan Kumar (2001). An Introduction to AACR-2 (Anglo-American Cataloguing Rules).

### Library Classification (Practical)

Max. Marks: 100

Internal assessment: 20 Marks (2 Tests -10 Marks each)

Time: 3 Hours Theory: 80 Marks

Note: There will be Two Sections A and B.

Section A will consist of Eight Titles and the examinee will classify Five Titles by Dewey Decimal Classification Edition 19.. Each Title carries 8 marks.

Section B will consist of Eight Titles and the examinee will classify Five Titles by Colon Classification Scheme 6th Revised and Enlarged Edition. Each Title carries 8 marks.

Methodology: Lectures, self study, case studies, assignments, experimental learning exercises

# Section - A: Classification of documents (using DDC)

Classification of documents with the Dewey Decimal Classification 19th Edition with the following details: Main Classes, Divisions, Sectors, Sub-sectors, Auxiliary Tables.

# Section - B: Classification of documents (using CC)

Classification of documents by Colon Classification 6th Revised and Enlarged edition with following details Basic Subject, compound and complex subject, phase Relations, common isolates etc.

Methodology: Lectures, self study, case studies, assignments, experimental learning exercises

- 1. Dewey, Melvil: Decimal Classification and Relative Index. 19th ed. New York, Lake Placed Club, 1979.
- 2. Ranganathan, SR: Elements of Library Classification. 3rd ed. Bombay, Asia Pub. House, 1962.
- 3. Ranganathan, SR: prolegomena to Library Classification. Assisted by M A Gopinath. 3rd ed. Bangalore, SRELS, 1969.
- 4. Satija, MP: Colon Classification: a practical introduction. Delhi, Ess Ess, 1989.
- 5. Ranganathan, SR: Colon Classification. 6th rev ed. Banglaore, SRELS, 1968.
- 6. Satija, MP: Manual of Practical Colon Classification. 3rd rev ed. New Delhi, Sterling, 1995.

### Library Cataloguing (Practical)

Internal assessment: 20 Marks (2 Tests -10 Marks each)

Time: 3 Hours Theory: 80 Marks

Note: There will be Three Sections A, B and C

Section A will consist of Four Entries and the examinee will prepare Two Entries by using AACR-II. Each Entry carries 16 marks.

Section B will consist of Four Entries and the examinee will prepare Two Entries by using CCC. Each Entry carries 16 marks.

Section C will consist of Two Entries and the Examinee will prepare only One Entry through MARC. Each Entry carries 16 marks.

Methodology: Lectures, self study, case studies, assignments, experimental learning exercises

### Unit - I: Cataloguing of documents (using AACR II)

Cataloguing of books and periodicals in accordance with the latest edition of AACR II and Sears List of Subject Headings

### Unit - II: Cataloguing of documents (using CCC)

Cataloguing of books and periodicals in accordance with the Classified Catalogue Code (CCC) 5th Edition.

## Unit - III: Computerised Cataloguing through MARC

Methodology: Lectures, self study, case studies, assignments, experimental learning exercises

- 1. Ranganathan, SR: Classified Catalogue Code with additional rules for Dictionary Catalogue Code. Assisted by A. Neelameghan. 5th reprinted ed. Bangalore, SRELS,
- Anglo American Cataloguing Rules. (North American Text). Chicago, ALA, 1967.
- 3. Ranganathan, SR: Cataloguing Practice. Assisted by G. Bhattacharya. Bombay, Asia Pub. House, 1974.
- 4. Job, M.M. (1989). Theory and practice of Cataloguing. New Delhi: Metropolitan.
- 5. Gernert, Leigh (2003). A Textbook of Cataloguing. New Delhi: Dominant Publishers and Distributors.
- 6. Krishan Kumar (2001). An Introduction to AACR-2 (Anglo-American Cataloguing Rules). New Delhi: Vikas Publishing.

#### SECOND SEMESTER

### Paper - BLS 201

### Management of Libraries and Information Centres

Max. Marks: 100

Internal assessment: 20 Marks (2 Tests -10 Marks each)

Time: 3 Hours Theory: 80 Marks

Note: The paper will be divided into Three Sections A, B and C.

Section A will consist of Five Short Answer Type questions not exceeding 75 words. The examinee will attempt all questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

Section B will consist of Three questions not exceeding 200 words. The examinee will attempt Two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

Section C will consist of Five questions in detail. The examinee will attempt Three questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

Methodology: Lectures, self study, case studies, assignments, experimental learning exercises

### Unit - I: Essentials of management

- Concept, history and functions of management
- Concept and principles of scientific management
- · Concept, elements and standards of TQM

### Unit - II: Library Management-general aspects

- HRM
- Job description, analysis, specification and evaluation
- Selection and Recruitment
- Motivation
- Training and Development
- · Performance appraisal
- Stock Verification

### Unit - III: Library Management -specific aspects

- · Library authority and library committee
- · Staffing
- Different sections of libraries and their working
- Annual report
- Preservation and Conservation of library resources (printed and digital)
- Financial Management in Libraries : Budget

Methodology: Lectures, self study, case studies, assignments, experimental learning exercises

- 1. Mittal, RL: Library and Administration: Theory and practice, New Delhi: Metropolitan Book, 1983.
- 2. Ranganathan, SR: Library Book Selection. Bombay: Asia Pub. House, 1966.
- 3. Brown, James Duff: Manual of Library Economy. London: Andre Deutsch, 1961.
- 4. Mahapatra, PK and Chakrabarti, B: Preservation in Libraries. New Delhi: Ess Ess, 2003
- 5. Adhikari, Rajiv: Library Preservation and Automation. Delhi: Rajat Publications, 2002.

### Information Sources and Services

Max. Marks: 100

Internal assessment: 20 Marks (2 Tests -10 Marks each)

Time: 3 Hours Theory: 80 Marks

Note: The paper will be divided into Three Sections A, B and C.

Section A will consist of Five Short Answer Type questions not exceeding 75 words. The examinee will attempt all questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

Section B will consist of Three questions not exceeding 200 words. The examinee will attempt Two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

Section C will consist of Five questions in detail. The examinee will attempt Three questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

Methodology: Lectures, self study, case studies, assignments, experimental learning exercises

### Unit - I: Information Sources - I

Concept of information sources

- Primary sources of information -journal, conference proceedings, archival materials, standards, Newspapers, patents, research reports, thesis and their electronic form etc.
- Five Laws and Reference Sources

### Unit - II: Information Sources - II

 Secondary sources of information-Bibliographic Sources – INB and BNB, Encyclopedias - General and Special, Dictionaries - General and Special Yearbooks, Biographical Source, Geographical Source, text book, Index and abstract and their electronic form

### Unit - III: Information Sources - III

· Tertiary source of information-Bibliography of bibliographies, Directory, and guide to literature and their electronic form. Human Resources, Information Centres

Methodology: Lectures, self study, case studies, assignments, experimental learning exercises

- Bradford, SC: Documentation. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. London, Lockwood, 1953.
- 2. Foskett, AC: Subject approach to Information. 5th ed. London, Library Association, 1997.
- 3. Guha, B: Documentation and Information: services, techniques and systems. 2<sup>nd</sup> rev ed. Calcutta, World Press, 1983.
- 4. Kawatra, PS: Fundamentals of Documentation with special reference to India. New Delhi, Sterling, 1983.
- 5. Khanna, JK: Documentation and Information Services: systems and techniques. Agra, Y K Publishers, 2000.
- 6. Lancaster, FW: Information Retrieval Systems: Characteristics, Testing and Evaluation. New York, John Wiley, 1968.
- 7. Ranganathan, SR: Documentation and its facets. London, Asia Pub. House, 1963.
- 8. Prasher, RG: Index and Indexing. New Delhi, Medallion Press, 1989.

#### PAPER - BLS 203

### Information Processing and Retrieval

Max. Marks: 100

Internal assessment: 20 Marks (2 Tests -10 Marks each)

Time: 3 Hours Theory: 80 Marks

Note: The paper will be divided into Three Sections A, B and C.

words. The Section A will consist of Five Short Answer Type questions not exceeding 75 examinee will attempt all questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

Section B will consist of Three questions not exceeding 200 words. The examinee will attempt Two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

Section C will consist of Five questions in detail. The examinee will attempt Three questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

Methodology: Lectures, self study, case studies, assignments, experimental learning exercises

#### Unit - I

- Documentation: Definition, Need, Purpose
- Documentation Work, Service, CAS and SDI
- Index and Indexing: Scope and Importance
- Types of indexes Keyword indexing

#### Unit - II

- Pre and Post Co-ordinate Indexing
- Chain Procedure, PRECIS, POPSI, Citation Indexing
- Indexing Languages: Types and Characteristics
- Vocabulary Control and IR Thesaurus
- Indexing Services: National and International

#### Unit - III

- Abstracting: Types and Guidelines
- Abstracting Services: National and International,
- Chemical Abstract, Biological Abstract, Physics Abstract, Psychological Abstract, Sociological Abstract, Indian Science Abstract
- · Search Strategies, Feedback and Refining
- Information Users: Categories
- User Studies: Methods, Techniques and Evaluation

- Brown, A.G. (1982). An Introduction to Subject Indexing. London: Clive Bingly. 1.
- Mohammad, Riaz (1989). Advanced Indexing and Abstracting Practices. New Delhi: Atlantic 2. Publishers.
- Chakraborty, A.R. and Chakraborty, B. (1984). Indexing: Principles, Process and Products. 3. Calcutta: The World Press.
- Sengupta, B. and Chatterjee, M. (1977). Documentation and Information Retrieval. Calcutta: 5. The World Press.
- Rajan, T.N. (1981). Indexing Systems: Concepts, Models and Techniques. Calcutta: IASLIC. 7.
- Ranganathan, S.R. (1963). Documentation and its Facts. London: Asia Publishing House. 8.
- Shera, J.H., Kent, A. and Pessy, J.W. (1957). Documentation in Action. New York: Reinhold 9. Publishing.

### PAPER - BLS 204

# Library and Information Technology (Theory)

Max. Marks: 100

Internal assessment: 20 Marks (2 Tests -10 Marks each)

Theory: 80 Marks Time: 3 Hours

Note: The paper will be divided into Three Sections A, B and C.

Section A will consist of Five Short Answer Type questions not exceeding 75 words. The examinee will attempt all questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

Section B will consist of Three questions not exceeding 200 words. The examinee will attempt Two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

Section C will consist of Five questions in detail. The examinee will attempt Three questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

Methodology: Lectures, self study, case studies, assignments, experimental learning exercises

### Unit - I: Information Technology - I

Concept of Information Technology

Types of Information Technology

- Computer Technology History, Classification and Generation of Computers, Computer Hardware and Software, Operating Systems - WINDOWS, Linux
- Programming Languages, Algorithm & Flow Charting

### Unit - II: Information Technology - II

- Communication Technology General Aspects
- Reprographic Technology General Aspects
- Micrographic Technologies General Aspects

### Unit - III: Library Automation

Concept and need of library automation

Planning and implementation of library automation

In-house operations (Acquisition, Cataloguing, Circulation, Serials Control)

· Library Softwares: SOUL and Alice for Windows, Libsys including Open Source Softwares, Library Networks, New development in Library Automation such as use of RFID etc.

Methodology: Lectures, self study, case studies, assignments, experimental learning exercises

#### Recommended Books

1. Kumar, PSG: Computerization of Indian Libraries. Delhi, B. R. Publishing, 1987.

2. Pandey, SK Sharma: Library Computerization: theory and practice. New Delhi, Ess Ess, 1993.

3. Satyanarayana, NR: A manual of Library Automation and Networking. 2nd ed. Lucknow, New Royal Book, 2003.

4. Dhawan, A: Computers for Beginners. New Delhi, Frank Bros, 1990.

- 5. Sehgal, RL: An introduction to Library Networks. New Delhi, Ess Ess, 1996.
- 6. Devrajan, G and Rahelamma, AV: Library Computerization in India. New Delhi, Ess Ess, 1990.

# Library and Information Technology (Practice)

Max. Marks: 100

Internal assessment: 20 Marks (2 Tests –10 Marks each)

Theory: 80 Marks
Time: 3 Hours

Note: There will be *Eight* questions. The examinee has to answer *Five* questions. Each question carries 16 marks.

i) Documents, data, database, etc. to work on for the practical assignments will be provided by the Teacher in the computer lab

ii) Students are required to do the practical assignment in the computer lab Evaluation of the

assignment will be done by the Teacher on the spot.

iii) Students have to make Screen Captures for all the answers and save them in one file. The Teacher will evaluate these screen captures and give marks accordingly.

Methodology: Lectures, self study, case studies, assignments, experimental learning exercises

#### Unit - I:

- Installation and Functions of Different Operating Systems: Windows NT, Linux
- Setting of Desktop, Library Server and its Maintenance
- Editing and Formatting Word Documents
- Creating Presentations with PowerPoint.

#### Unit - II:

Database Creation and Library Software Installation and Creation of Databases:
 Import, Export, Hyperlinks and Alice for Windows

 Installation, Configuration and Functions Installation, Configuration and Application of SOUL

#### Unit - III:

 Online and Offline Searching, Web Searching, Advanced Internet Searching, Search through Meta Search Engines, Offline Databases Internet and E-mail

Methodology: Lectures, self study, case studies, assignments, experimental learning exercises

- 1. Kumar, PSG: Computerization of Indian Libraries. Delhi, B. R. Publishing, 1987.
- 2. Pandey, SK Sharma: Library Computerization: theory and practice. New Delhi, Ess Ess, 1993.
- Satyanarayana, NR: A manual of Library Automation and Networking. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Lucknow, New Royal Book, 2003.
- 4. Dhawan, A: Computers for Beginners. New Delhi, Frank Bros, 1990.
- 5. Sehgal, RL: An introduction to Library Networks. New Delhi, Ess Ess, 1996.
- 6. Devrajan, G and Rahelamma, AV: Library Computerization in India. New Delhi, Ess Ess, 1990.
- 7. Shiva Sukula: Information Technology: Bridge to the Wired Virtuality, New Delhi, Ess Ess Publications, 2008.
- 8. Shiva Sukula: Electronic Resource Management: What, why and how, New Delhi, Ess Ess Publications, 2010